Louisiana State University Physics 2102, Exam 3,

November 11, 2010.

• Please be sure to write your name and class instructor above.

• The test consists of 3 questions (multiple choice), and 4 problems (numerical). All numerical quantities must have appropriate units. *Points will be deducted if units are absent*.

• For the problems: Show your reasoning and your work – *no credit will be given for an answer without explanation or work.* Note that in many of the problems, you can do parts (b) or (c) even if you get stuck on (a) or (b).

• You may use scientific or graphing calculators. Cell phones cannot be used as calculators.

• Feel free to detach, use, and keep the formula sheet pages. No other reference material is allowed during the exam.

• Good Luck!

Problem 1 [20 points]

A long cylindrical wire of diameter 1.0 cm carries a total current of 75 A uniformly distributed over its cross section.

(a) [5 pts] Calculate the current density in the wire:

(b) [8 pts] At what distance from the axis of the wire, but still **inside the wire**, does the magnetic field have a magnitude of 1.0 mT? (Hint: think Ampere's Law)

(c) [7 pts] At what distance from the axis of the wire, but now **outside the wire**, does the field once again have a magnitude of 1.0 mT? (Hint: can be done independently of part (b)).

Question 1 [10 points]

The figure shows three long, straight, parallel, equally spaced wires with identical currents either into or out of the page.



(a) [4 pts] What is the direction of the net force on wire *a*, due to the other two wires:

- a) Toward the right
- b) Upward
- c) Toward the left
- d) Downward
- e) net force is zero

(b) [6 pts] Rank the wires according to the magnitude of the net force on each of them, due to the other two wires

$$F_{\rm b} > F_{\rm c} > F_{\rm a}$$
 $F_{\rm c} > F_{\rm b} > F_{\rm b}$ $F_{\rm b} > F_{\rm a} = F_{\rm c}$

$$F_{\rm c} > F_{\rm b} > F_{\rm a}$$
 $F_{\rm a} = F_{\rm b} = F_{\rm c}$

Problem 2 [16 points]

The figure shows a 120 turn coil of radius 1.8 cm and resistance 7.0 Ω which is coaxial with a solenoid with 210 turns/cm and radius 1.6 cm. The current in the solenoid drops from 1.5 A to zero at in the time interval from t = 0 to t = 25 ms.



(a) [5 pts] Calculate the magnitude of the magnetic field inside the **solenoid** at time t = 0:

(b) [11 pts] Calculate the magnitude of the current which is induced in the **coil** during the time between t = 0 and t = 25 ms.

Question 2 [10 points]

The figure shows a long straight wire placed next to (in the plane of) a rectangular conducting loop. The straight wire carries a constant current i.



(i) [4 pts] What is the direction of the magnetic field from the long straight wire, at the position of the loop?

- a) Toward the right
- b) Toward the left
- c) Into the page
- d) Out of the page
- e) The magnetic field is zero

(ii) [6 pts] Now the wire is moved toward the loop. While the wire is being moved toward the loop, what is the direction of the induced current in the loop:

- a) Counterclockwise
- b) Clockwise
- c) Counterclockwise on the left side and clockwise on the right side
- d) Clockwise on the left side and counterclockwise on the right side
- e) The induced current is zero

Problem 3 [16 points]

A coil with an inductance of 1.6 H and a resistance of 10 Ω is suddenly connected to an ideal battery with an emf $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} = 100$ V.

(a) [11 pts] At a time of 0.5 s after the connection is made, calculate the rate at which energy is being stored in the magnetic field:

(b) [5 pts] A long time after the connection is made, what is the potential difference over the coil:

Question 3 [10 points]

The figure shows a parallel plate capacitor and the current in the connecting wires that is *discharging* the capacitor.



(i) [5 pts] What is the direction of the electric field *E* between the plates?

- a) Toward the right
- b) Toward the left
- c) Into the page
- d) Out of the page
- e) The electric field is zero

(ii) [5 pts] What is the direction of the displacement current i_D between the two plates?

- a) Toward the right
- b) Toward the left
- c) Into the page
- d) Out of the page
- e) The displacement current is zero

Problem 4 [18 points]

The figure shows a circuit in which switch S_2 has been closed for a long time. Now we open switch S_2 and at the same time close switch S_1 , to make an LC circuit.

(a) [6 pts] Calculate the frequency f of the oscillation in the circuit



(b) [6 pts] Calculate the maximum current in the circuit:

(c) [6 pts] Calculate the total energy stored in the circuit: